CHAPTER 7

Eternal Security (Continued)

More Reasons Why the True Believer is Safe and Secure in Christ forever:

3. The true believer is eternally secure in Christ because he is sealed with the Holy Spirit (Ephesians 1:13-14; 4:30).

Read 1 Corinthians 6:19-20 a	nd answer these questions: Paul describ	es the believer's	
body as	Did Paul expect the Corinthian		
believers to know this truth?	Where is the Holy Spirit (verse 19)?	Now	
that we are saved, are we our own?	Who do we now belong to?	Are we free to	
live for ourselves (2 Cor. 5:15)?	Why are we not our own (1 Cor. 6:20	<u>)</u> ?	
· · · · · ·	Who paid this awful price ((1 Peter 1:18-19)?	
Salvation is	free, but it is certainly not cheap! Circle	e the one sentence	
that is false :			

- a. God the Holy Spirit dwells and lives within every believer.
- b. Every believer has been bought with a price and belongs totally and completely to the Lord.
- c. Every person who has the Holy Spirit belongs totally and completely to the Lord.
- d. There are some believers who belong totally and completely to the Lord, but they have not yet received the Holy Spirit.

Romans 8:9 teaches us that if any man	n does not have the of Christ he is	
. This means that if a person does not have the Holy		
then he does not belong to	. Therefore, everyone who truly	
belongs to Christ has the	dwelling within.	

True or False:

Every person who belongs to Christ has the Holy Spirit.

Every true believer has the Holy Spirit.

It is possible that a true Christian may not have the Holy Spirit dwelling within.

If a person does not have the Holy Spirit, then He is not a true Christian.

In Ephesians 1:13 we learn three things that have happened to every person who is truly saved: "In whom ye also trusted, (1) after ye heard the ______ of _____, the ______ of ______, the

	of your salvation; in whom also (2) after ye	
(3) ye wer	with that	of
promise."	We shall now study these three ingredients of salvation:	

In order for a person to be saved, he must first hear the W_____ of T_____ of T_____ of T_____ (Good News) of his S______ (Ephesians 1:13). Without faith, can a person be saved (Ephesians 2:8)? _____ Faith is properly and correctly *responding* to the Word of God. Is it possible to respond properly

to God's Word if you have never heard it? _____Can a person believe on the Lord Jesus Christ if he has never heard of Him (Romans 10:14)? _____ "Faith comes by ______ and _____ by the ______ ____" (Romans 10:17). Therefore, for a person to be saved, he must first

- Many people hear God's Word, but, sadly, they are never saved. Not only must a person H_____ God's Word, but he must respond properly to God's Word by B______ on the Lord Jesus Christ (Eph. 1:13; Acts 16:31). Men and women, boys and girls are saved in only one way they are saved through F______ (Ephesians 2:8) and not by ______ (Ephesians 2:9).
- 3. When a person hears the gospel and responds by trusting Christ and Him alone as his personal Saviour, then God does something very wonderful to him! He is
 S______ with the ______ of promise (Ephesians 1:13). According to 2 Corinthians 1:21-22, who is the One who has sealed us? ______ According to Ephesians 1:13 what (or WHO) are we sealed with?
 ______ Therefore God the Father is the Sealer (the One who seals) and God the Holy Spirit is the Seal! Where is the seal (2 Cor. 1:22)? _______ God has sealed us with His Holy Spirit and this seal is a *mark of ownership*!

Suppose Cowboy Sam were to brand his cattle with this mark:

H God's W_____.

Suppose Cowboy Hank were to brand his cattle with this mark:

(S)

If you were riding on your horse and you came across a stray steer with a big "S" branded on its hide, then you would know that the steer belongs to whom?

A little further down the trail you come across another steer and as you examine this animal you discover that it is branded with a big "H", and therefore it must belong to Cowboy Hank. If you were a steer branded with a big "H" on your hide, then you could proudly say, "I know that I belong to Cowboy Hank. He has branded me with his own personal mark of ownership!"

The believer in Christ has been "branded" or sealed with what (or WHO)–(Ephesians 1:13)? _______ Who has sealed the believer (2 Corinthians 1:21-22)? _____ Therefore the believer can say, "I know that I belong to ______ because He has S ______ me with His Holy ______." In 2 Timothy 2:19 we read: "Nevertheless, the foundation of God standeth sure (solid), having this ______, the _______." He knows them that are ______." He knows those who truly belong to Him! Does the Lord know who His true believers are? ______ Does the Lord know which people He has sealed with the Holy Spirit and which people He has not sealed? ______ As you watch and observe other people, is it possible for you to *actually see* the Holy Spirit in them? ______ Is the Holy Spirit visible or invisible? ______ The first time you looked in the mirror after you were saved, did you see any great difference in your appearance? ______ Did you see the Holy Spirit living in you? ______ Did you find God's name written on your forehead as the people described in Revelation 14:1? _______

Answer TRUE or FALSE:

 The believer is sealed with the Holy Spirit, but no one can see this seal except the Lord.
 When a sinner is saved his physical appearance changes drastically.
 The Lord knows which people have the Holy Spirit in their hearts (compare 1 Samuel 16:7 with 2 Corinthians 1:22).

Certainly God knows that we belong to Him, but how can other people know that we belong to the Lord? The answer to this question is found in the last part of 2 Timothy 2:19: "Let every one who names the name of Christ depart from ______

(unrighteousness)." According to this verse, explain how other people can know that we are truly Christians:

Although people *cannot* see the Holy Spirit dwelling within us, are they able to see the *fruit of the Spirit* (Gal. 5:22-23; Eph. 5:9)? _____ How can the world know that we belong to Christ (John 13:35)?

Answer TRUE or FALSE:

_____ The world can actually see the Holy Spirit in the believer.

_____ The world can see the way we live and conduct ourselves and they can see the evidence of the Spirit at work in our lives.

_____ The person who truly has the Holy Spirit will want to depart from iniquity and unrighteousness. His desire is to please and obey the Lord.

If a person is consistently living in sin and unrighteousness then he is giving evidence that he does not belong to the Lord (compare 1 John 2:29; 3:10).

_____ If a person **claims** to be a Christian then he must be a true believer. If you say you are saved then this means that you really are saved.

Ephesians 1:14 teaches us that the Holy Spirit is the "______ (down payment, pledge) of our inheritance until the ______ of the purchased possession." This verse is talking about the believer's **final** redemption when the believer will be with the Lord forever and will never again sin. Christ has promised us that someday He will return for His believers (see John 14:2-3; Romans 8:23). As a guarantee that Christ's promise is true, God the Father has given us His Holy Spirit as an earnest or pledge that someday our salvation will be completed (compare Phil. 1:6). "God has also ______ us, and given the ______ (pledge) of the ______ (pledge) of the ______ " (2

Cor. 5:5). To understand the word "earnest" just think of an engagement ring. When a young man gives his sweetheart an engagement ring, the ring serves as a pledge or a guarantee that someday he will come to marry the girl who has the ring. He will receive his bride and enter into a wonderful relationship with her. Therefore, the fact that we have the H_____

S______ is a guarantee that someday Christ will come to receive His bride (John 14:1-3) and we will be with Him face to face (1 Thess. 4:16-18) in a far greater and closer relationship than we enjoy even now (Phil. 1:21-23; 2 Cor. 5:8; 1 John 3:1-3).

Please answer TRUE or FALSE:

The fact that we have the Holy Spirit **now** proves that someday our salvation will be complete and we will be with the Lord. All who are sealed will be saved forever! We are sealed with the Holy Spirit until we sin (Eph. 4:30). It is possible for the believer to grieve and sadden the Holy Spirit because of sin in his life (Eph. 4:30).

When the believer sins, it is then that the Holy Spirit leaves him and abandons him (Eph. 4:30; John 14:16-17).

God the Father has given us the Holy Spirit so that He might abide and live with us forever (John 14:16).

If a saved person were to become lost, he would have to become UN-SEALED!

For a saved person to become unsaved, the Holy Spirit would have to leave Him. It is possible for a true believer to become un-sealed.

If a person claims to be a Christian, then he should show that he is really saved and really sealed by the way he lives (2 Timothy 2:19).

4. The true believer is eternally secure in Christ because it is God's will that the believer should not be lost but should have eternal life (John 6:37-40).

 True or False:
 According to John 6:35, the person who comes to the Lord Jesus is the person who believes in Him. What will Christ never do to the person who comes to Him and believes on Him (John 6:37)?
 Note: In Note: In the Greek, John 6:37 is also a very strong statement. It uses a double negative: "I will never ever throw him out." Read John 6:38-39 and answer True or False:

_____ Christ came to this world to do His own will.

_____ Christ came to this world to do His Father's will.

The Father's will was that Christ should lose only a few believers.

According to John 6:40 and 6:47, God's will is that everyone who believes on the Lord Jesus Christ should have ______. According to John 6:39,40,44,54, what future promise does the Lord give to those who are true believers?

Thus, John 6 teaches us that the true believer has eternal life, he will never be cast out by Christ and he will be raised up at the last day! Is the believer in Christ eternally secure?

Note: "I will raise him (the true believer) up at the last day" (see John 6:39,40,44,54). This is a reference to the first resurrection which is for believers only. It is a bodily resurrection that is unto LIFE (John 5:29). Only those who are "blessed and holy" can take part in the first resurrection (Rev. 20:6). The second resurrection is for the unsaved only. The unsaved dead will be raised up bodily to stand before Christ at the Great White Throne Judgment described in Revelation 20:11-15. Such persons will end up in the lake of fire which is the second death (Rev. 20:14-15; 21:8). Those who believe in Christ will never be a part of the second resurrection which is called the "resurrection of damnation" (John 5:28-29).

5. The true believer is eternally secure in Christ because Christ has promised never to leave him and never to forsake him (Hebrews 13:5).

We learn from Hebrews 13:5 that our conversation (manner of life, conduct, the way we live) is to be without ______. This means we are to be free from the love of money. We are not to love money or be possessed by our possessions (see 1 Timothy 6:9-11). There is a danger that we can get so wrapped up in material things (possessions, money, etc.) that we forget the Lord. Our possessions begin to possess us!

Instead of loving money, we are to be C_____ (Hebrews 13:5) with the things that we have. Therefore we are to be content and satisfied with what we have ("What I have is ENOUGH!"). As believers what do we have? What do we possess? We have the most precious possession that anyone could ever have because HE (Christ) has said (and He continues

to say), "I will never ______ thee, nor ______ thee" (Hebrews 13:5). In the Greek this is a very strong statement. Five negatives are used and it could be translated in this way: "I will (1) *never* (2) *ever* leave thee, (3) *no*, I will (4) *never* (5) *ever* forsake thee." It is a negative way of saying, "I will positively be with you forever!" Christ will never abandon, desert, forsake or leave those that belong to Him!!

Note: The word "leave" in Hebrews 13:5 is the same word as the word "loosed" in Acts 16:26 (Paul's chains "left" him). The chain that binds the believer to Christ will never be loosed. We are chained to Him forever. He will never leave us! Nothing shall separate us (Rom. 8:38-39).

Christ was forsaken by God (Matthew 27:46) so that the believer will never be forsaken by God (Heb. 13:5). Because of this we may boldly say, "The is my

and I will not F_____" (Hebrews 13:6). "The ______ is my I shall not ______ (Psalm 23:1: "want" means to lack or be in need). We have Christ! Do we need anything or anyone else? _____ Will He always be with us (Matthew 28:20)? _____ Do we need to fear (Heb. 13:6)? _____ Was this same promise given to Old Testament believers (see Deuteronomy 31:6,8)? _____ If it were possible for a believer to be lost, then Christ would have to leave him and forsake him. Is this possible? _____ God will not abandon His own! No not ever!

6. The true believer is eternally secure in Christ because he is a child of God forever.

John 1:12 declare	es that the moment	you received	the Lord Jesus Christ and believed on
His Name you became a	e a of God (<i>Note</i> : the word "sons" in John 1:12		
means "children"). "Beho	old, what manner c	of love the	hath bestowed upon
us, that we should be cal	led the	(children) of	" (see 1 John 3:1). "Beloved,
are we the	(children) of	"(1	John 3:2). According to 1 John 3:10,
what are the two groups	of people in the wo	orld today?	· · ·
1)		2)	If
a person is truly saved, th	nen to what group	does he belor	.g?
	Th	us, in order f	or a saved person to become "UN-
SAVED" God would have	ve to say to him: "I	now DISOW	N you as My child. You are no longer
My child and you are no	longer a part of M	y family." Do	you think that our Heavenly Father
would ever say this to Hi	s child?		

Let's think about an earthly, human father. Suppose Mr. Smith has a nine-year-old son named Joey. One day Joey disobeys his father by messing around with his father's expensive computer and breaking it. He had been told not to even touch it without permission. How do you think Mr. Smith would respond to Joey's act of disobedience (circle the sentences below that that best describe how you think this father might handle this situation)?

How would Mr. Smith respond to Joey's act of disobedience? (Circle the correct answers)

- a. He would be very displeased.
- b. He would stop loving his son.
- c. He would be grieved and saddened that his son would do such a thing (compare Ephesians 4:30).
- d. He would disown his son.
- e. He would tell Joey to go and find another father.

- f. He would expect Joey to come to him and admit that what he had done was wrong (compare 1 John 1:9).
- g. He would throw Joey out of the house, telling him to never come back (compare John 6:37).
- h. He would chasten, discipline, correct and/or spank his disobedient son (Proverbs 13:24; 22:15).

Read Matthew 7:9-11 carefully. Can we expect our Heavenly Father to be "much more" fair and loving towards His children than an "evil" earthly father? _____ Would an earthly father give his son a rattlesnake for lunch? _____ Would he feed his son rocks? _____ Would a human father disown his son? _____ Would God disown His child? _____

As God's children (sons) we are not to despise the ______ (discipline, training, correction, "spanking") of the Lord (Hebrews 12:5). Whom does the Lord chasten (Hebrews 12:6)? ______ True or False: ______ Every son is chastened by his father and the person who is not chastened is not really his son (Heb. 12:7-8). Thus, the fact that Mr. Smith chastens Joey proves that Joey is his ______. Would Mr. Smith dare spank or discipline his neighbor's child? ______ The fact that he does not discipline his neighbor's child proves that his neighbor's child is not his ______. Is it enjoyable to be chastened by the Lord (Hebrews 12:11)? ______ And yet we can endure (Hebrews 12:7) the chastening of the Lord because it produces the peaceable _______ of _______ in our lives (Hebrews 12:11).

In 1 Corinthians 11:31-32 we find two important words (both beginning with the letter "C"): 1) Chastened 2) Condemned. Which of these words describes God's way of dealing with His children? ______ Which of these words describes God's way of dealing with the world? ______ Answer the following *True or False*:

God's children are chastened by the Lord.
God's children will be condemned by the Lord.
The unsaved world is chastened by the Lord.
The unsaved world shall be condemned by the Lord.
The believer is not under condemnation (Romans 8:1).
God is the Father of all men (John 8:44).

Please answer True or False:

- _____ God corrects and chastens His children but will never disown them.
- Lithank the Lord that I am a member of God's family (John 1:12; Eph. 2:19) and I know that He will never cast me out (John 6:37).
- Because God will never disown me, I might as well live as a disobedient child (1 Peter 1:14). It pays to disobey.
- Because I am God's child, I never want to displease or dishonor (Malachi 1:6) or grieve my Heavenly Father.
- _____ The parent who spanks and firmly disciplines his child is showing his hatred for that child (Proverbs 13:24).
- _____ God chastens those whom He hates (Revelation 3:19).

In the next chapter we will study four more reasons why the true believer is safe and secure in Christ FOREVER!